

NDK_PROBIT

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- C/C++
- .Net

```
int __stdcall NDK_PROBIT(double * X,  
                           size_t N,  
                           WORD retTYpe  
)
```

Computes the probit transformation, including its inverse.

Returns

status code of the operation

Return values

NDK_SUCCESS Operation successful

NDK_FAILED Operation unsuccessful. See [Macros](#) for full list.

Parameters

[in,out] **X** is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).
[in] **N** is the number of observations in X.
[in] **retTYpe** is a number that determines the type of return value: 1 (or missing)=probit , 2=inverse probit.

Remarks

1. The **probit** link function is commonly used for parameters that lie in the unit interval.
2. Numerical values of X close to 0 or 1 or out of range result in #VALUE! or #N/A.
3. The **probit** function is defined as the inverse cumulative distribution function (CDF): $y = \text{Probit}(x) = \Phi^{-1}(x)$ And $x = \text{probit}^{-1}(y) = \Phi(y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^y e^{-\frac{z^2}{2}} dz$ Where:
 - x_t is the value of the input time series at time t
 - y_t is the transformed probit value at time t
 - $\text{probit}^{-1}(y)$ is the inverse probit function
4. The **probit** function accepts a single value or an array of values for X.

Requirements

Header	SFSdk.H
Library	SFSdk.Lib

Examples

```
int NDK_PROBIT(double[] pData,
                UIntPtr nSize,
                short argRetType
)
```

Namespace: NumXLAPI

Class: SFSDK

Scope: Public

Lifetime: Static

Computes the probit transformation, including its inverse.

Returns

status code of the operation

Return values

NDK_SUCCESS Operation successful

NDK_FAILED Operation unsuccessful. See [Macros](#) for full list.

Parameters

[in,out] **pData** is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).
 [in] **nSize** is the number of observations in pData.
 [in] **argRetType** is a number that determines the type of return value: 1 (or missing)=probit
 , 2=inverse probit.

Remarks

1. The **probit** link function is commonly used for parameters that lie in the unit interval.
2. Numerical values of X close to 0 or 1 or out of range result in #VALUE! or #N/A.
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 - (x_t) is the value of the input time series at time t
 - (y_t) is the transformed probit value at time t
 - $(\text{probit}^{-1}(y))$ is the inverse probit function
4. The **probit** function accepts a single value or an array of values for X.

Exceptions

Exception Type	Condition
None	N/A

Requirements

Namespace	NumXLAPI
Class	SFSDK
Scope	Public
Lifetime	Static
Package	NumXLAPI.DLL

Examples

References

- * John H. Aldrich, Forrest D. Nelson; [Linear Probability, Logit, and Probit Models](#); SAGE Publications, Inc; 1st Edition(Nov 01, 1984), ISBN: 0803921330
- * Hamilton, J .D.; [Time Series Analysis](#) , Princeton University Press (1994), ISBN 0-691-04289-6
- * Tsay, Ruey S.; [Analysis of Financial Time Series](#) John Wiley & SONS. (2005), ISBN 0-471-690740
- * D. S.G. Pollock; [Handbook of Time Series Analysis, Signal Processing, and Dynamics](#); Academic Press; Har/Cdr edition(Nov 17, 1999), ISBN: 125609906
- * Box, Jenkins and Reisel; [Time Series Analysis: Forecasting and Control](#); John Wiley & SONS.; 4th edition(Jun 30, 2008), ISBN: 470272848

See Also

[template("related")]