NDK ARMA GOF

Last Modified on 07/08/2016 9:51 am CDT

- C/C++
- .Net

```
int stdcall NDK ARMA GOF(double * pData,
                            size t
                                    nSize,
                            double mean,
                            double sigma,
                            double * phis,
                            size_t
                                    p,
                            double * thetas,
                            size_t
                                    q,
                            WORD retType,
                            double * retVal
                           )
```

Computes the log-likelihood ((LLF), Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) or other goodness of fit function of the ARMA model.

Returns

status code of the operation

Return values

```
NDK SUCCESS Operation successful
NDK FAILED Operation unsuccessful. See Macros for full list.
```

Parameters

```
[in] pData is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).
[in] nSize is the number of observations in pData.
[in] mean is the ARMA model mean (i.e. mu).
[in] sigma is the standard deviation of the model's residuals/innovations.
              are the parameters of the AR(p) component model (starting with the lowest lag).
[in] phis
[in] p
              is the number of elements in phis (order of AR component)
[in] thetas are the parameters of the MA(q) component model (starting with the lowest lag).
[in] q
              is the number of elements in thetas (order of MA component)
[in] retType is a switch to select a fitness measure
```

Order Description

```
1
       Log-Likelihood Function (LLF) (default)
2
       Akaike Information Criterion (AIC)
3
       Schwarz/Bayesian Information Criterion (SIC/BIC)
       Hannan-Quinn information criterion (HQC)
```

[out] retVal is the calculated goodness of fit value.

Remarks

- 1. The underlying model is described here.
- 2. The time series is homogeneous or equally spaced.
- 3. The time series may include missing values (e.g. NaN) at either end.
- 4. The long-run mean can take any value or be omitted, in which case a zero value is assumed.
- 5. The residuals/innovations standard deviation (sigma) must greater than zero.
- 6. For the input argument phi:
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no AR component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - One or more parameters may have missing values or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
 - The order of the AR component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
- 7. For the input argument theta:
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no MA component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - One or more values in the input argument can be missing or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
 - The order of the MA component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
- 8. Missing parameters values reduce the model's actual number of overall parameters, thus improving the AIC, BIC, and HQC statistics.

Requirements

Header	SFSDK.H
Library	SFSDK.LIB
DLL	SFSDK.DLL

Examples	E	ca	m	p	le	S
----------	---	----	---	---	----	---

Namespace: NumXLAPI

Class: SFSDK

```
double
                                                          Scope: Public
           mean,
double
                                                        Lifetime: Static
           sigma,
double[]
           phis,
UIntPtr
           p,
double *
           thetas,
UIntPtr
           q,
short
           retType,
ref double retVal
)
```

Computes the log-likelihood ((LLF), Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) or other goodness of fit function of the ARMA model.

Return Value

a value from NDK RETCODE enumeration for the status of the call.

NDK SUCCESS operation successful

Error Code

Parameters

[in] pData is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).
[in] nSize is the number of observations in pData.
[in] mean is the ARMA model mean (i.e. mu).
[in] sigma is the standard deviation of the model's residuals/innovations.
[in] phis are the parameters of the AR(p) component model (starting with the lowest lag).
[in] p is the number of elements in phis (order of AR component)

[in] **thetas** are the parameters of the MA(q) component model (starting with the lowest lag).

is the number of elements in thetas (order of MA component)

[in] retType is a switch to select a fitness measure

Order Description

Log-Likelihood Function (LLF) (default)
 Akaike Information Criterion (AIC)
 Schwarz/Bayesian Information Criterion (SIC/BIC)
 Hannan-Quinn information criterion (HQC)

[out] retVal is the calculated goodness of fit value.

Remarks

- 1. The underlying model is described here.
- 2. The time series is homogeneous or equally spaced.
- 3. The time series may include missing values (e.g. NaN) at either end.
- 4. The long-run mean can take any value or be omitted, in which case a zero value is assumed.
- 5. The residuals/innovations standard deviation (sigma) must greater than zero.
- 6. For the input argument phi:
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no AR component is

included.

- The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
- One or more parameters may have missing values or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
- The order of the AR component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
- 7. For the input argument theta:
 - The input argument is optional and can be omitted, in which case no MA component is included.
 - The order of the parameters starts with the lowest lag.
 - One or more values in the input argument can be missing or an error code (i.e. #NUM!, #VALUE!, etc.).
 - The order of the MA component model is solely determined by the order of the last value in the array with a numeric value (vs. missing or error).
- 8. Missing parameters values reduce the model's actual number of overall parameters, thus improving the AIC, BIC, and HQC statistics.

Exceptions

Exception Type	Condition
None	N/A

Requirements

Namespace	NumXLAPI
Class	SFSDK
Scope	Public
Lifetime	Static
Package	NumXLAPI.DLL

References

Hamilton, J.D.; Time Series Analysis, Princeton University Press (1994), ISBN 0-691-04289-6 Tsay, Ruey S.; Analysis of Financial Time Series John Wiley & SONS. (2005), ISBN 0-471-690740

References

Hamilton, J.D.; Time Series Analysis, Princeton University Press (1994), ISBN 0-691-04289-6 Tsay, Ruey S.; Analysis of Financial Time Series John Wiley & SONS. (2005), ISBN 0-471-690740

See Also

[template("related")]