NDK_AIRLINE_FORE

Last Modified on 07/11/2016 11:16 am CDT

- C/C++
- .Net

intstdcall NDK_AIRLINE_FORE(double * pData,		
	size_t	nSize,
	double	mean,
	double	sigma,
	WORD	S,
	double	theta,
	double	theta2,
	size_t	nStep,
	FORECAST_RETVAL_FUNG	CretType,
	double	alpha,
	double *	retVal
)	

Calculates the out-of-sample forecast statistics.

Returns

status code of the operation

Return values

NDK_SUCCESSOperation successfulNDK_FAILEDOperation unsuccessful. See Macros for full list.

Parameters

- [in] **pData** is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).
- [in] **nSize** is the number of observations in pData.
- [in] **mean** is the model mean (i.e. mu).
- [in] **sigma** is the standard deviation of the model's residuals/innovations.
- [in] **S** is the length of seasonality (expressed in terms of lags, where s > 1).
- [in] **theta** is the coefficient of first-lagged innovation (see model description).
- [in] **theta2** is the coefficient of s-lagged innovation (see model description).
- [in] **nStep** is the forecast time/horizon (expressed in terms of steps beyond end of the time series).
- $[\verb"in"]$ <code>retType</code> is a switch to select the type of value returned

Order Description

1 Mean forecast	value	(default)
-----------------	-------	-----------

- 2 Forecast standard error (aka local volatility)
- 3 Volatility term structure
- 4 Lower limit of the forecast confidence interval
- 5 Upper limit of the forecast confidence interval

[in] alpha is the statistical significance level. If missing, a default of 5% is assumed.
[out]retVal is the calculated forecast value

Remarks

- 1. The underlying model is described here.
- 2. The time series is homogeneous or equally spaced
- 3. The time series may include missing values (e.g. NaN) at either end.
- 4. The long-run mean argument (mean) can take any value or be omitted, in which case a zero value is assumed.
- 5. The value of the residuals/innovations standard deviation (sigma) must be positive.
- 6. The season length must be greater than one.
- 7. The input argument for the non-seasonal MA parameter theta is optional and can be omitted, in which case no non-seasonal MA component is included.
- 8. The input argument for the seasonal MA parameter theta2 is optional and can be omitted, in which case no seasonal MA component is included.

Requirements

Header	SFSDK.H
Library	SFSDK.LIB
DLL	SFSDK.DLL

Examples

int NDK_AIRLINE_FORE	(double[]	pData,	Namespace: NumXLAPI
	UIntPtr	nSize,	Class: SFSDK
	double	mean,	Scope: Public
	double	sigma,	Lifetime: Static
	short	dSeason,	
	double	theta,	
	double	theta2,	
	UIntPtr	nStep,	
FORECAST_RETVAL_FUNC retType,			
	double	alpha,	

	ref double retVal)	
Calculates the out-c	of-sample forecast statistics.	
Return Value		
a value from	DK_RETCODE enumeration for the status of the call.	
NDK SUCCES	SS operation successful	
Error	Error Code	
Parameters		
[in] pData	is the univariate time series data (a one dimensional array).	
[in] nSize	is the number of observations in pData.	
[in] mean	is the model mean (i.e. mu).	
[in] sigma	is the standard deviation of the model's residuals/innovations.	
[in] dSeaso	n is the length of seasonality (expressed in terms of lags, where $s > 1$).	
[in] theta	[in] theta is the coefficient of first-lagged innovation (see model description).	
[in] theta2	is the coefficient of s-lagged innovation (see model description).	
[in] nStep	is the forecast time/horizon (expressed in terms of steps beyond end of the time	
	series).	
[in] retType	e is a switch to select the type of value returned	
	Order Description	
	1 Mean forecast value (default)	
	2 Forecast standard error (aka local volatility)	
	3 Volatility term structure	
	4 Lower limit of the forecast confidence interval	
	5 Upper limit of the forecast confidence interval	
[in] alpha	is the statistical significance level. If missing, a default of 5% is assumed.	
[out]retVal	is the calculated forecast value	
Remarks		
1. The underlying	g model is described here .	
-	es is homogeneous or equally spaced	
	es may include missing values (e.g. NaN) at either end.	
	mean argument (mean) can take any value or be omitted, in which case a zero value	
is assumed.		
5. The value of the residuals/innovations standard deviation (sigma) must be positive.		
6. The season le	6. The season length must be greater than one.	

- 7. The input argument for the non-seasonal MA parameter theta is optional and can be omitted, in which case no non-seasonal MA component is included.
- 8. The input argument for the seasonal MA parameter theta2 is optional and can be omitted, in which case no seasonal MA component is included.

Exceptions

Exception Type	Condition
None	N/A

Requirements

Namespace	NumXLAPI
Class	SFSDK
Scope	Public
Lifetime	Static
Package	NumXLAPI.DLL

Examples

References

Hamilton, J.D.; Time Series Analysis, Princeton University Press (1994), ISBN 0-691-04289-6 Tsay, Ruey S.; Analysis of Financial Time Series John Wiley & SONS. (2005), ISBN 0-471-690740

See Also

[template("related")]